## § 121.9

ETOPS Area of Operation means one of the following areas:

- (1) For turbine-engine-powered airplanes with two engines, an area beyond 60 minutes from an adequate airport, computed using a one-engine-in-operative cruise speed under standard conditions in still air.
- (2) For turbine-engine-powered passenger-carrying airplanes with more than two engines, an area beyond 180 minutes from an adequate airport, computed using a one-engine-inoperative cruise speed under standard conditions in still air.

ETOPS Entry Point means the first point on the route of an ETOPS flight, determined using a one-engine-inoperative cruise speed under standard conditions in still air, that is—

- (1) More than 60 minutes from an adequate airport for airplanes with two engines;
- (2) More than 180 minutes from an adequate airport for passenger-carrying airplanes with more than two engines.

ETOPS Qualified Person means a person, performing maintenance for the certificate holder, who has satisfactorily completed the certificate holder's ETOPS training program.

Maximum Diversion Time means, for the purposes of ETOPS route planning, the longest diversion time authorized for a flight under the operator's ETOPS authority. It is calculated under standard conditions in still air at a one-engine-inoperative cruise speed.

North Pacific Area of Operation means Pacific Ocean areas north of 40° N latitudes including NOPAC ATS routes, and published PACOTS tracks between Japan and North America.

North Polar Area means the entire area north of  $78^{\circ}$  N latitude.

One-engine-inoperative-Cruise Speed means a speed within the certified operating limits of the airplane that is specified by the certificate holder and approved by the FAA for —

- (1) Calculating required fuel reserves needed to account for an inoperative
- (2) Determining whether an ETOPS alternate is within the maximum diversion time authorized for an ETOPS flight.

South Polar Area means the entire area South of 60°S latitude.

[Doc. No. FAA–2002–6717, 72 FR 1878, Jan. 16, 2007]

## § 121.9 Fraud and falsification.

- (a) No person may make, or cause to be made, any of the following:
- (1) A fraudulent or intentionally false statement in any application or any amendment thereto, or in any other record or test result required by this part.
- (2) A fraudulent or intentionally false statement in, or a known omission from, any record or report that is kept, made, or used to show compliance with this part, or to exercise any privileges under this chapter.
- (b) The commission by any person of any act prohibited under paragraph (a) of this section is a basis for any one or any combination of the following:
  - (1) A civil penalty.
- (2) Suspension or revocation of any certificate held by that person that was issued under this chapter.
- (3) The denial of an application for any approval under this part.
- (4) The removal of any approval under this part.

[Doc. No. FAA-2008-0677, 78 FR 67836, Nov. 12, 2013]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: By Amdt. 121–366, 78 FR 67836, Nov. 12, 2013, §121.9 was added, effective Mar. 12, 2014.

## § 121.11 Rules applicable to operations in a foreign country.

Each certificate holder shall, while operating an airplane within a foreign country, comply with the air traffic rules of the country concerned and the local airport rules, except where any rule of this part is more restrictive and may be followed without violating the rules of that country.

[Doc. No. 16383, 43 FR 22641, May 25, 1978]

## § 121.15 Carriage of narcotic drugs, marihuana, and depressant or stimulant drugs or substances.

If a certificate holder operating under this part permits any aircraft owned or leased by that holder to be engaged in any operation that the certificate holder knows to be in violation